

MATH43051/63051 Second midterm exam

Work to be handed in by 3 December 2014

Let \mathfrak{A} denote the additive group of rational numbers, i.e. the structure $\langle \mathbb{Q}; +; 0 \rangle$. Let L be the language of \mathfrak{A} and let T be the complete theory of \mathfrak{A} (i.e. T consists precisely of those L -sentences ϕ such that $\mathfrak{A} \models \phi$).

By considering automorphisms of \mathfrak{A} prove that every formula in $F_1(L)$ is $E_1(T)$ -equivalent to exactly one of the four formulas

$$v_1 \doteq v_1, \quad v_1 \doteq c, \quad \neg v_1 \doteq c, \quad \neg v_1 \doteq v_1.$$

(where c denotes the constant symbol of L , interpreted by 0 in \mathfrak{A}).

[7 marks]

Show that there are infinitely many $E_2(T)$ -equivalence classes of formulas in $F_2(T)$.

[3 marks]